

# 수능 영어 기출 분석 - 피노 누아(for 2024)

※ 이 자료의 활용 방법

1. 유튜브에서 “구성연 매니저” 검색
2. “수능 영어 기출 분석(피노누아 for 2024)”의 제목이 있는 재생 목록 들어가서 강의 수강
3. 강의 수강 후 질문은 언제나 환영^^♥



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前 대사학원 고등부 영어 담당  
前 대성마이맥 고등부 인터넷 강의  
前 다른학원 특목반 영어 팀장  
前 강남청솔학원 재수종합반 영어 담당  
前 목동 앤써 재수종합반 영어 담당  
前 대전 종로학원 재수종합반 & 고등부 영어 담당  
現 강남하이퍼기숙학원 재수종합반 영어 담당  
現 강남하이퍼의대관(기숙)학원 재수종합반 영어 담당

## <독해의 기본 원리>

1. 첫 문장 -> 글의 방향성
2. 대명사 -> 반드시 받아서 해석!!(매우 중요!!)

## <함축 의미 문제>

-> 빈칸 문제와 코드가 같음!!

## <빈칸 문제의 코드>

1. 답의 근거 -> 지문
2. 보기 -> 방향성 동일한 선지 찾기  
(선지의 방향성이 반대 or 글의 내용과 무관)

1. 2023학년도 대학수학능력시험 34번 빈칸추론 문제(정답률 20%)

We understand that the segregation of our consciousness into present, past, and future is both a fiction and an oddly self-referential framework; your present was part of your mother's future, and your children's past will be in part your present. Nothing is generally wrong with structuring our consciousness of time in this conventional manner, and it often works well enough. In the case of climate change, however, the sharp division of time into past, present, and future has been desperately misleading and has, most importantly, hidden from view the extent of the responsibility of those of us alive now. The narrowing of our consciousness of time smooths the way to divorcing ourselves from responsibility for developments in the past and the future with which our lives are in fact deeply intertwined. In the climate case, it is not that \_\_\_\_\_ . It is that the realities are obscured from view by the partitioning of time, and so questions of responsibility toward the past and future do not arise naturally.[3점]

\* segregation: 분리 \*\* intertwine: 뒤얽히게 하다 \*\*\* obscure: 흐릿하게 하다

- ① all our efforts prove to be effective and are thus encouraged
- ② sufficient scientific evidence has been provided to us
- ③ future concerns are more urgent than present needs
- ④ our ancestors maintained a different frame of time
- ⑤ we face the facts but then deny our responsibility

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3. In the case of climate change, however, the sharp division of time into past, present, and future has been desperately misleading and has, most importantly, hidden from view the extent of the responsibility of those of us alive now.

4. The narrowing of our consciousness of time smooths the way to divorcing ourselves from responsibility for developments in the past and the future with which our lives are in fact deeply intertwined.

5. In the climate case, it is not that \_\_\_\_\_.

6. It is that the realities are obscured from view by the partitioning of time, and so questions of responsibility toward the past and future do not arise naturally.

<순서 & 삽입 문제의 코드>

1. 지시사의 코드

단수 -> 단수로 받음(너무 당연한 소리를ㅋㅋㅋㅋ)

복수 -> 복수로 받음

such를 조심하도록!!

2. 연결사의 코드

(1) 동사관계가 반대일 때

역접 & 대체


(2) 동사관계가 반대가 아닐 때(즉, 통칭 “순접”일 때)

그 나머지

환언 & 첨가


3. 순서 코드 -> 선지 제거!!

삽입 코드 -> 선지 번호를 사이에 두고 문장에서 문장으로 넘어갈 때의 논리적인 비약 유무를 “지시사”와 “연결사”의 코드로 알 수 있는지를 파악하는 것이 중요!!

2. 2023학년도 6월 교육청 38번 삽입 문제(정답률 52%)

Also, it has become difficult for companies to develop new pesticides, even those that can have major beneficial effects and few negative effects.

Simply maintaining yields at current levels often requires new cultivars and management methods, since pests and diseases continue to evolve, and aspects of the chemical, physical, and social environment can change over several decades. ( ① ) In the 1960s, many people considered pesticides to be mainly beneficial to mankind. ( ② ) Developing new, broadly effective, and persistent pesticides often was considered to be the best way to control pests on crop plants. ( ③ ) Since that time, it has become apparent that broadly effective pesticides can have harmful effects on beneficial insects, which can negate their effects in controlling pests, and that persistent pesticides can damage non-target organisms in the ecosystem, such as birds and people. ( ④ ) Very high costs are involved in following all of the procedures needed to gain government approval for new pesticides. ( ⑤ ) Consequently, more consideration is being given to other ways to manage pests, such as incorporating greater resistance to pests into cultivars by breeding and using other biological control methods.

\*pesticide 살충제 \*\*cultivar 품종 \*\*\*breed 개량하다

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### 3. 2023학년도 6월 교육청 33번 빈칸추론 문제(정답률 35%)

Manufacturers design their innovation processes around the way they think the process works. The vast majority of manufacturers still think that product development and service development are always done by manufacturers, and that their job is always to find a need and fill it rather than to sometimes find and commercialize an innovation that \_\_\_\_\_. Accordingly, manufacturers have set up market-research departments to explore the needs of users in the target market, product-development groups to think up suitable products to address those needs, and so forth. The needs and prototype solutions of lead users — if encountered at all — are typically rejected as outliers of no interest. Indeed, when lead users' innovations do enter a firm's product line — and they have been shown to be the actual source of many major innovations for many firms — they typically arrive with a lag and by an unusual and unsystematic route.

\*lag 지연

- ① lead users tended to overlook
- ② lead users have already developed
- ③ lead users encountered in the market
- ④ other firms frequently put into use
- ⑤ both users and firms have valued



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3. Accordingly, manufacturers have set up market-research departments to explore the needs of users in the target market, product-development groups to think up suitable products to address those needs, and so forth.
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4. 2023학년도 4월 교육청 34번 빈칸추론 문제(정답률 27%)

Imagine some mutation appears which makes animals spontaneously die at the age of 50. This is unambiguously disadvantageous — but only very slightly so. More than 99 per cent of animals carrying this mutation will never experience its ill effects because they will die before it has a chance to act. This means that it's pretty likely to remain in the population — not because it's good, but because the 'force of natural selection' at such advanced ages is not strong enough to get rid of it. Conversely, if a mutation killed the animals at two years, striking them down when many could reasonably expect to still be alive and producing children, evolution would get rid of it very promptly: animals with the mutation would soon be outcompeted by those fortunate enough not to have it, because the force of natural selection is powerful in the years up to and including reproductive age. Thus, problematic mutations can accumulate, just so long as \_\_\_\_\_.[3점]

\* mutation: 돌연변이

- ① the force of natural selection increases as animals get older
- ② their accumulation is largely due to their evolutionary benefits
- ③ evolution operates by suppressing reproductive success of animals
- ④ animals can promptly compensate for the decline in their abilities
- ⑤ they only affect animals after they're old enough to have reproduced

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8. 2022학년도 대학수학능력시험 34번 빈칸 추론 문제[3점](정답률 30%)

Precision and determinacy are a necessary requirement for all meaningful scientific debate, and progress in the sciences is, to a large extent, the ongoing process of achieving ever greater precision. But historical representation puts a premium on a proliferation of representations, hence not on the refinement of one representation but on the production of an ever more varied set of representations. Historical insight is not a matter of a continuous “narrowing down” of previous options, not of an approximation of the truth, but, on the contrary, is an “explosion” of possible points of view. It therefore aims at the unmasking of previous illusions of determinacy and precision by the production of new and alternative representations, rather than at achieving truth by a careful analysis of what was right and wrong in those previous representations. And from this perspective, the development of historical insight may indeed be regarded by the outsider as a process of creating ever more confusion, a continuous questioning of \_\_\_\_\_, rather than, as in the sciences, an ever greater approximation to the truth.

\*proliferation 증식

- ① criteria for evaluating historical representations
- ② certainty and precision seemingly achieved already
- ③ possibilities of alternative interpretations of an event
- ④ coexistence of multiple viewpoints in historical writing
- ⑤ correctness and reliability of historical evidence collected

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